Payments for Ecosystem Services – Concepts, Design & Process

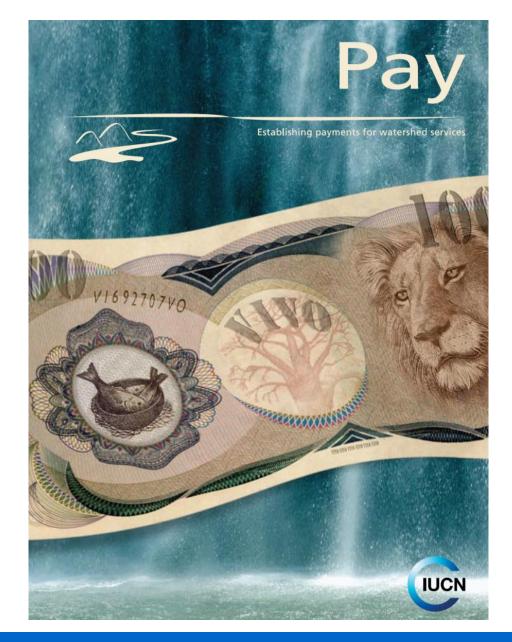
Dr Mark Smith

IUCN Water Programme Gland, Switzerland





- 1. **Incentives** for water security
- Valuing and managing watershed services
- Designing a payment scheme
- Roadmap towards an agreement
- 5. Rules at work
- **6. Learning** from partner and experience



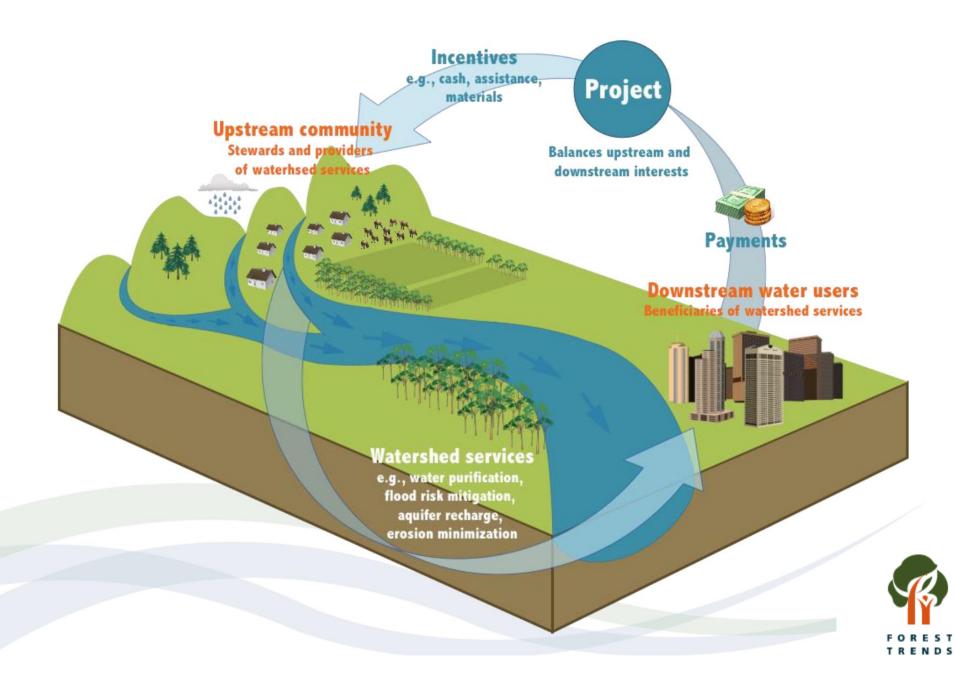


Market-based incentives

- PWS use markets to create incentives for sustainable land and water management
- Buyers and sellers of services
 - upstream sellers exchange services for payment
 - downstream buyers make payments in return for services
- Market set up to reward sellers by "internalising externalities"
 - water quality
 - reliable water supply
 - flood control
 - soil conservation
- Alternative incentives
 - law, regulation

Requirements for a marketplace

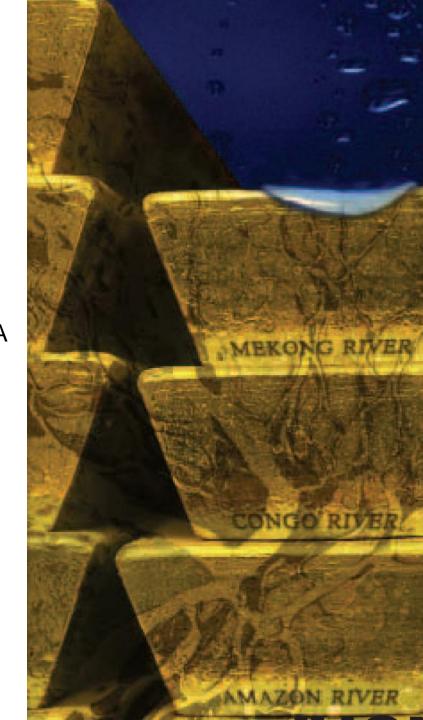
- recognition that watershed services can be traded
- prices can be agreed
- possible sellers exist
 - landowners, farmers, communities
- possible buyers exist
 - utilities, hydropower, municipalities, governments, farmers, industry
- brokers and facilitators
- property, access and use rights established
- transaction capacities: contracts and payment mechanisms



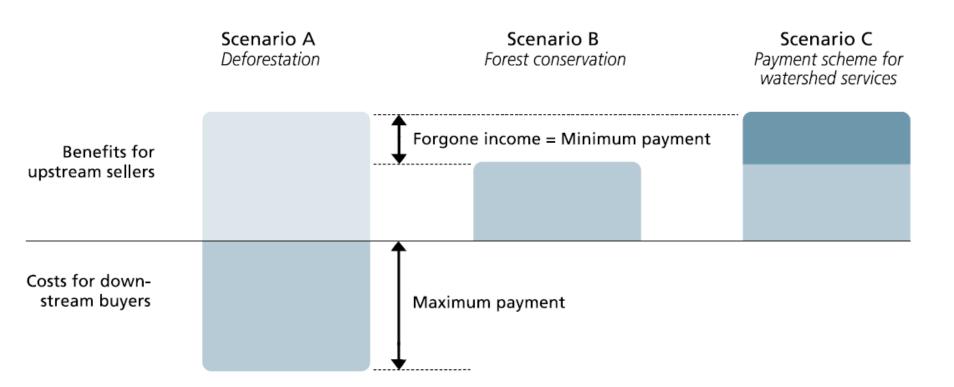


How are valuations relevant?

- Valuations demonstrate benefits
- Comparison of PWS to alternatives CBA
- Valuations ≠ price
- Price depends on what it's worth paying



Basic logic of PWS



Price paid	Activities compensated	Watershed services provided	Service buyer	Service seller	Location
US\$ 45/ha/year	Reforestation	Salinity controlFreshwater supply	Downstream farmers association	Government and upstream landowners	Murray Darling Basin, Australia
US\$ 230/ha/year	Reduced-input farm management	Water quality controlFreshwater supply	Perrier Vittel (Private bottler of mineral water)	Upstream farmers	Rhine-Meuse Basin, France
US\$ 45 - 116/ha/year	Protecting, sustain- ably managing and replanting forests	Freshwater supplyWildlife habitatCultural heritage and identity	National Forest Office and National Fund for Forest Financing — FONAFIFO	Private upstream landowners	Costa Rica
US\$ 48/ha/year	Protecting, sustain- ably managing and replanting forests	HydropowerRegulation of flowsSedimentation control	Energia Global (hydropower compa- ny) and FONAFIFO	Private upstream land owners	Sarapiqui watershed, Costa Rica
US\$125/ha/year	Soil conservation	 Soil protection Sedimentation control Water quality control Regulation of flow 	US Department of Agriculture (Government)	Farmers	United States
US\$ 170/ha/year	Watershed restoration	Freshwater supplyWildlife habitat	State of Parana (government)	Municipalities and private landowners	State of Parana, Brazil



Developing PWS

PROJECT COORDINATION & SOCIAL LEARNING (6.1, 6.2)

Identifying & Valuing Watershed Services

- Identification of services (2.1)
- Valuation of services (2.2)

Designing the Payment Scheme

- Define objectives
 & baseline (3.3.2)
- Assess scheme type & design (3.3.3)
- Sustainable finance strategy (3.4)

Negotiation (4.4)

Identifying Buyers, Sellers & Partners

- Communication for stakeholder engagement (4.1)
- Determination of buyers & sellers (4.2)
- Identification of intermediaries & technical support needs (4.2.2)
- Stakeholder & institutional analysis (4.3)

Making the Rules

- Agreement of legal & institutional framework (5.1, 5.2)
- Specification of contractual obligations (5.2)
- Compliance & enforcement (5.3)



PWS Design

1. Private payments

transfer payments land purchases cost-sharing

2. Cap and trade

regulatory cap tradeable permits

PWS Schemes

'salmon-safe' farms organic farming eco-labelling standards

3. Certification

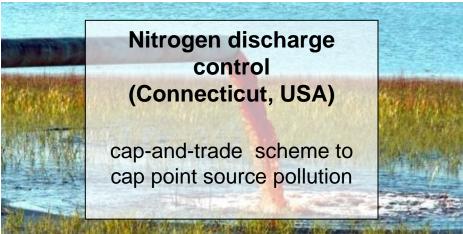
environmental taxes subsidies compensation schemes

4. Public payments



Some examples







Nitrate in drinking water (UK)

compensation by government for adhering to land-use practices



Financing mechanisms

Mechanism	Description
User fees	Fees for watershed management charged to consumers.
Private sector payments	Payments by business for watershed services needed to sustain their income, or as grants to build reputation.
Government bonds	Public borrowing to finance payment schemes, by institutions with the legal right to do so and which believes it can raise the funds to repay the money.
Water bank	Bank set up cooperatively by water boards to finance investments in water infrastructure.
Debt for nature swaps	Public debt is purchased at a discount by an outside agency — such as an NGO — in exchange for commitments to fund conservation activities.
Trust funds	Endowment funds held to finance investment in water infrastructure and watershed management.

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Process: roadmap to agreement

Engage stakeholders

- Communicate
- Common vision

Convene the right parties

- involve potential buyers & sellers
- mobilise broker/intermediary
- specialist support & capacity building

Information & analysis

- stakeholder analysis
- institutional analysis
- ecosystem service data & valuation

Negotiation process

- collective learning
- consensus building
- agreement



What's in the Agreement?

- services to be provided & how specified
- amount & form of compensation
- monitoring of implementation
- sanctions for non-compliance
- administration of scheme





Making the rules



Institutional Framework



Clarify land & resource tenure



Enforceable rules & transaction mechanisms



Compliance & enforcement



Synthesis

Learning & adapting

Institutional framework & rules

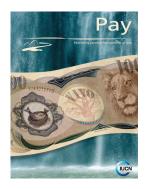
Payment scheme design

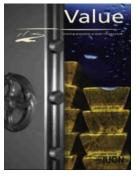
Valuation & CBA

Building an agreement



Resources





www.iucn.org/water/toolkits www.waterandnature.org





www.teebweb.org

www.watershedconnect.com

Ecosystem Marketplace Ecosystem Marketplace

Forest Carbon Portal Species Banking Community Portal Mercados Ambientales

Watershed Connect

Building a global community of practice around natural water infrastructure

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costs of ignoring climate change are likely to far outweigh the costs of avoiding it, but estimates of business-as-usual climate change continue to tick upward. Before we can understand and manage climate-change risk, we need to understand and manage the brains that evolution gave us.

Scores of studies and analyses suggest that the



Profile of Corporate

Climate Change Risk



The Neuroscience Of Climate-Change Apathy (And How To Fix It)



Lining



Popular

Study Finds Economic, **Environmental Costs Of** Mangrove Destruction

Editor's Pick



"Watershed Connect is an information platform to help

scale up practice and policy that maximizes the

economic and ecological benefits of healthy

watersheds - from ridges to reefs."

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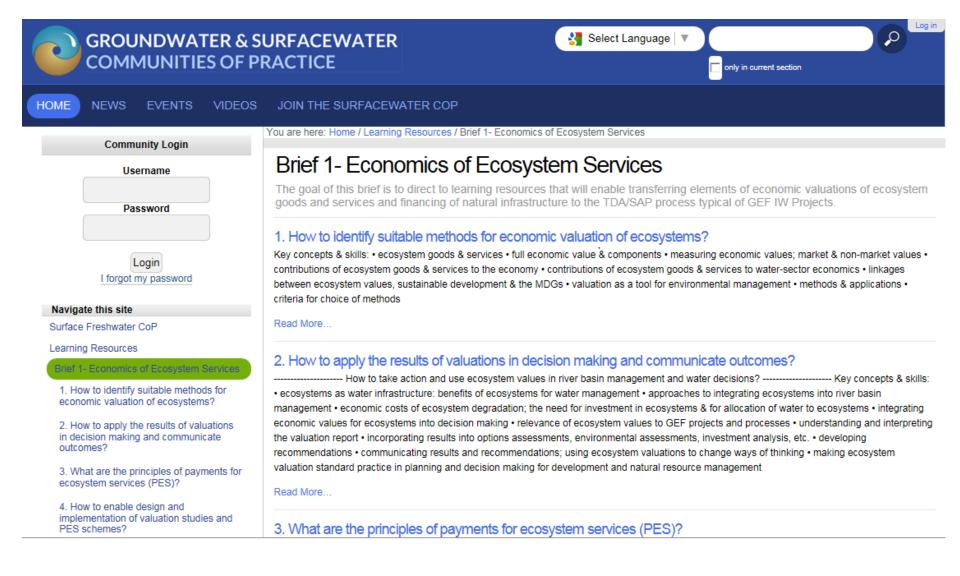
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Vital Economic and Environmental Pole of Wetlands Must

IW:LEARN Community of Practice!





Key questions

Where will PWS work & where not?

 What are the options for terrestrialmarine PES?

Can PWS work across national boundaries?

 What are alternative investment mechanisms?

