

PROGRAMA MARCO PARA LA GESTIÓN SOSTENIBLE DE LOS RECURSOS HÍDRICOS DE LA CUENCA DEL PLATA, EN RELACIÓN CON LOS EFECTOS DE LA VARIABILIDAD Y EL CAMBIO CLIMÁTICO PROGRAMA MARCO PARA GESTÃO SUSTENTAVEL DOS RECURSOS HIDRICOS DA BACIA DO PRATA, CONSIDERANDO OS EFEITOS DECORRENTES DA VARIABILIDADE E MUDANCAS DO CLIMA

### The Framework Program for the Sustainable Management of La Plata Basin's Water Resources

with respect to the effects of climate variability and change

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Pantanal:

A wetland in the heart

ARGENTINA

BOLIVIA

BRASIL

PARAGUAY

URUGUAY







UNEP/PNUMA



OAS/OE



# The Intergovernmental Coordinating Committee of La Plata Basin Countries (CIC, in Spanish)

- 1967→Creation of <u>CIC</u> (during the First LPB's Foreign Affairs Ministers Meeting)
- 1969→Signature of the La Plata Basin Treaty
  - basis for further agreements: navigation, fishing, pollution prevention, scientific research, etc
  - CIC consolidated as the organ promoting its objectives



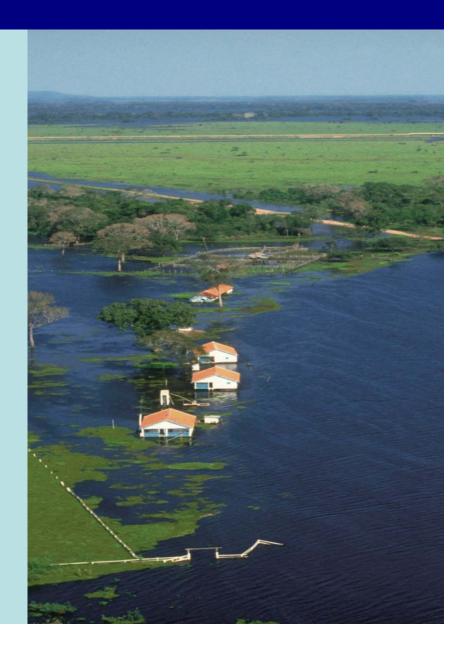
#### The Framework Program

Objective: to strengthen transboundary cooperation among the riparian country governments to ensure the integrated and sustainable management of shared water resources of the LPB within the context of climate variability and change, while capitalizing on development opportunities



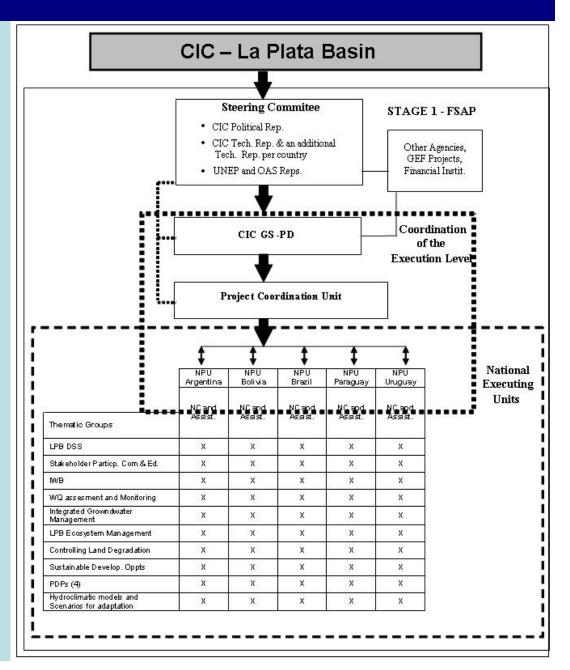
### **Expected Project Outcome**

The riparian governments' ability to coordinate actions and investments in the La Plata Basin for sustainable use of water resources within the context of climate variability and change



#### Key Project Results: Process (2010-2015)

- Interministerial mechanism for project planning and implementation
- Completion of a scientific and sociallybased Transboundary Diagnostic Analysis (TDA)
- Agreed-upon Strategic Action Plan (SAP)



#### Key Project Results: Stress reduction (2010-2015)

- Integrated Water Balance to contribute to IWRM of the basin's
- LPB environmental degradation model operational with forecasting capability
- Groundwater management guidelines address issues such as artificial recharge, protecting recharge areas, recharge continuity, etc.
- A biodiversity conservation strategy and management plan
- An ecological corridor defined and agreed upon by competent institutions coordinated by the CIC
- Maps provide information on land degradation



## Major Challenges and Constraints Threatening Successful Delivery

- Continued active involvement of national institutions and experts
- Others:
  - Political/institutional settings
  - More/Less technologically developed countries
  - Information sharing



#### Priority Capacity-building Needs

- WQ monitoring
- Best Land Use
   Management Practices
- Common Transboundary Forecasting/Alert System
- Climate Change Modelling
- Clean Technologies and sustainable Tourism



#### **Needs for Collaboration**

- Exchange projects experiences in TDA and SAP preparation, stakeholder involvement, among other topics
- Exchange of regional experts among projects for collaboration in common thematic issues (e.g, biodiversity, climate change, etc.)
- SAP implementation financing strategies

