Application of National Coastal Assessment Pollution & Ecosystem Health to LMEs in Regional Seas

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National Coastal Assessment Goal

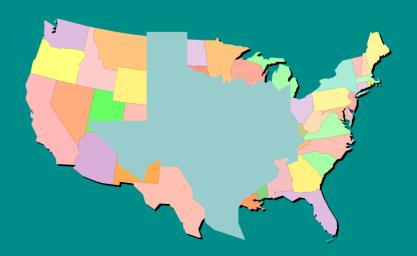
 Build the scientific basis, and the local, state and tribal capacity, to monitor for status and trends in the condition of the Nation's (US) coastal ecosystems.

National Coastal Assessment Uncertainties/Questions

- What is the status, extent, and geographical distribution of ecological resources?
- What proportions of these resources are declining or improving? Where? At what rate?
- What factors are likely to be contributing to declining conditions?
- Are pollution control, reduction, mitigation, and prevention programs achieving overall improvement in ecological condition?

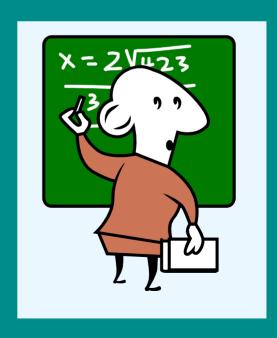
- Regionally responsive
- Unambiguously interpretable
- Simple quantification
- Index period stability
- Low year-to-year variation
- Environmental impact

- Regionally responsive
 - Must reflect changes in ecosystem condition, and respond to stressors of concern across most resource classes and habitats within the monitored region



- Unambiguously interpretable
 - Must be related unambiguously to an assessment endpoint relevant exposure or habitat variable that forms part of the ecosystem's overall conceptual model of ecological structure and function

- Simple quantification
 - Can be quantified by synoptic monitoring or by cost-effective automated monitoring

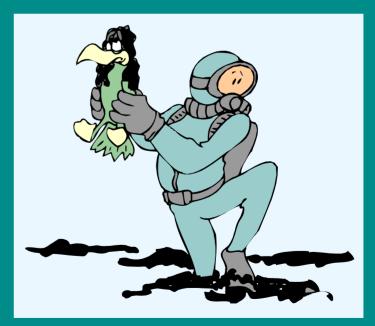


- Index period stability
 - Exhibits low measurement error and stability of regional cumulative frequency distribution during index period (low temporal variation in regional statistics)



- Low year-to-year variation
 - Must have sufficiently low natural year-to-year variation to detect ecologically significant changes within a reasonable time frame

- Environmental impact
 - Sampling must have minimal environmental impact



Indicator Type Indicator

Exposure Nutrients

Sediment Contaminants

Sediment Toxicity

Dissolved Oxygen concentration

Contaminants in fish and shellfish

Response Benthic community composition

Benthic abundance

Fish community composition

Pathology in Fish

Habitat Percent light transmittance

Salinity, temperature, pH

Percent silt-clay

Indicators to Indices

- Water Quality Index
 - Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Water Clarity, Chlorophyll, Dissolve Oxygen
- Sediment Quality Index
 - Sediment Chemistry, Toxicology Tests, TOC
- Habitat Quality Index
 - Long-Term Decadal Mean Loss, Recent Decade Loss Rate
- Benthic Index
 - Diversity, Tolerant & Sensitive Species
- Fish Contaminant Index
 - Tissue Chemistry (Whole & Fillet)

Percent Area in Poor Condition

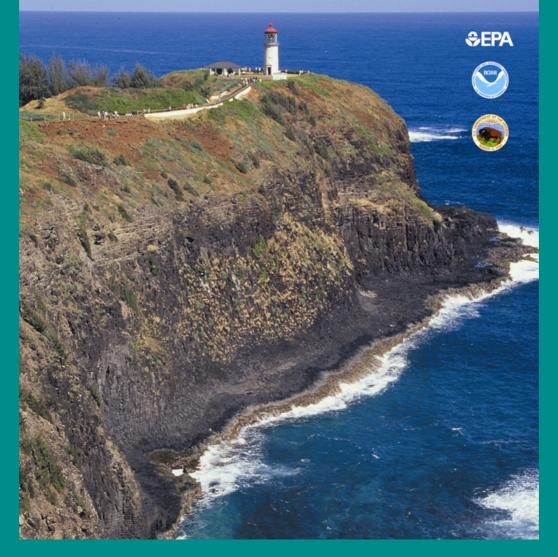
by Indicator (except Coastal Habitat Index) and Region

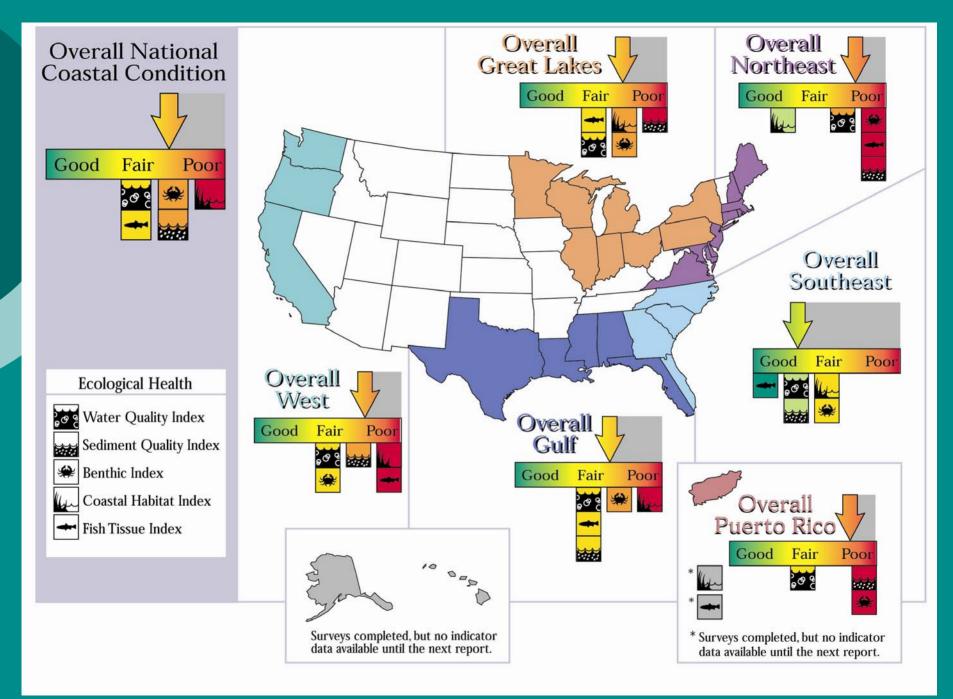
Indicator	Northeast Coast	Southeast Coast	Gulf Coast	West Coast	Great Lakes	Puerto Rico	United States
Water Quality Index	19	5	9	12	1	9	12
Sediment Quality Index	16	8	12	14	_	61	13
Coastal Habitat Index	1.00	1.06	1.30	1.90	ı	1	1.26
Benthic Index	25	11	17	13	ı	35	18
Fish Tissue Contaminants Index	31	5	14	27	_	_	22
Overall Poor Condition	40	23	40	23	-	77	35

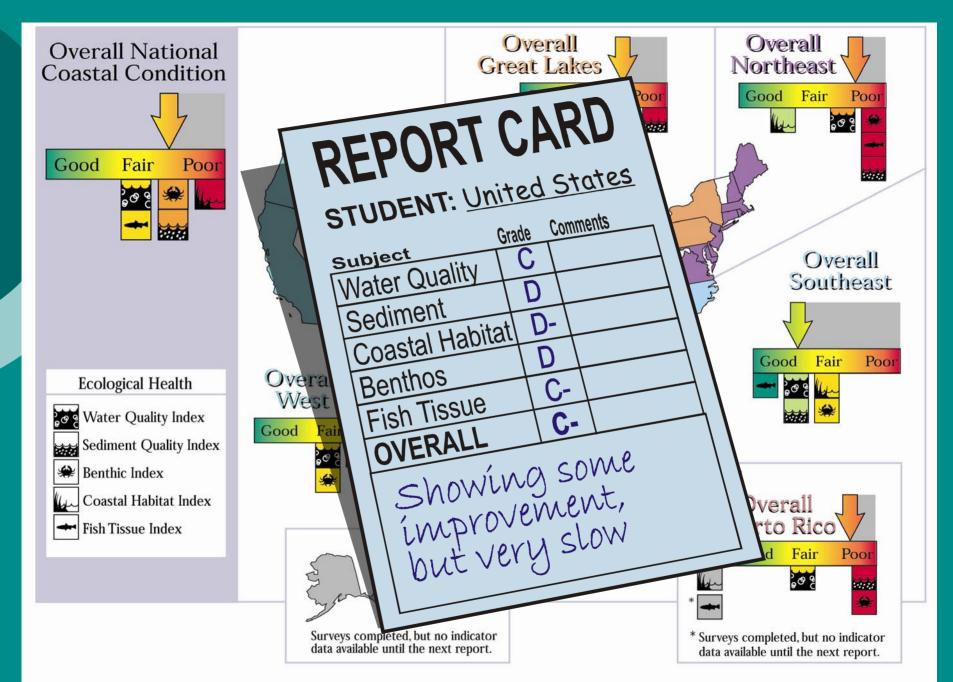
United States Environmental Protection Office of Research and Development/ EPA-620/R-03/002 Office of Water EPA-620/R-03/002 September 2004

Washington, DC 20460 www.epa.gov/owow/oceans/NCCR/index

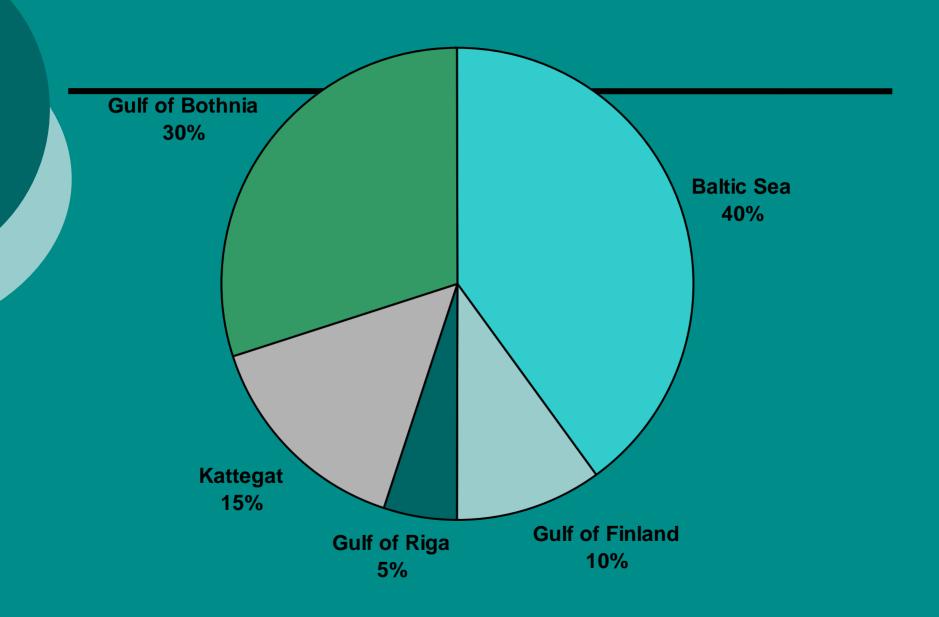
Draft National Coastal Condition Report II











Percent Area in Poor Condition

by Index (except Coastal Habitat Index) and Region

Indicator	Gulf of Bothnia	Baltic Basin	Gulf of Riga	Gulf of Finland	Kattegat	Baltic Sea
Water Quality Index	19	5	29	22	7	13
Sediment Quality Index	16	8	12	14	14	12
Coastal Habitat Index	1.00	1.06	1.30	1.90	1.10	1.14
Benthic Index	25	11	17	23	12	16
Fish Tissue Contaminants Index	31	5	14	27	7	16
Overall Poor Condition	40	23	40	33	26	30

Baltic Sea Regional Project

HELCOM

Baltic Coastal Condition Report



