The marking and identification of fishing vessels

Based on the FAO Standard Specifications for the Marking and Identification of Fishing Vessels

(AB)

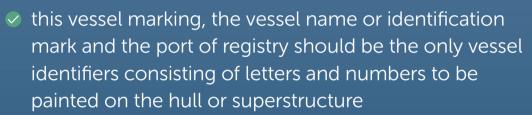


PLACEMENT

The vessel markings should be placed:

- on the vessel's side or superstructure, as high as possible above the waterline and avoid areas such as the flare of the bow and stern
- where they are not obscured by fishing gear, either when stowed or in use
- away from areas which are prone to damage or discolouration, such as scuppers or outlets
- markings placed too low and obscured by the waterline

MARKING

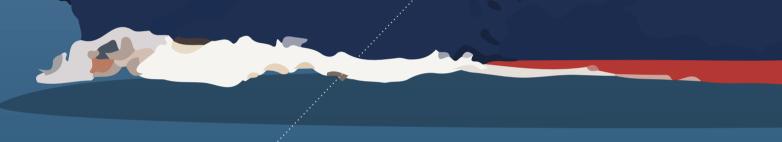


- ▼ the numbers 1 and 0 should be avoided in licence or registration numbers to prevent confusion with the letters I and O
- any fishing craft carried onboard another fishing vessel and used for fishing operations should bear the same markings as the vessel they are carried on
- 🗴 too many identifiers on the hull or superstructure make it challenging to identify the vessel clearly at sea
- vessel is marked with identifiers that do not match details on the vessel registry or authorised vessel list

DISPLAY

The vessel marking should always be prominently displayed on:

- the port and starboard side of the vessel's hull or superstructure so that the marking can be sighted from another vessel or from the air
- wheelhouse) with the top of the writing pointing towards the bow, or if the vessel is undecked on a board which can be seen clearly from the air
- the vessel's sail, if one exists
- or vessel cover, this should also carry the vessel markings
- markings only visible from one angle
- markings not clearly visible from the air



CNIC

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COUNTRY	INTERNATIONAL RADIO CALL SIGN
Antigua and Barbuda	V2A-V2Z
Bahamas	C6A-C6Z
Barbados	8PA-8PZ
Belize	V3A-V3Z
Brazil	15 series*
Colombia	5JA-5JZ, 5KA-5KZ, HJA-HJZ, HKA-HKZ
Costa Rica	TEA-TEZ, TIA-TIZ
Cuba	CLA-CLZ, CMA-CMZ, COA-COZ, T4A-T4Z
Dominica	J7A-J7Z
Dominican Republic	HIA-HIZ
European Union	Various
France	38 series*
Grenada	J3A-J3Z
Guatemala	TDA-TDZ, TGA-TGZ
Guinea	3XA-3XZ
Guyana	8RA-8RZ
Haiti	4VA-4VZ, HHA-HHZ
Honduras	HQA-HQZ, HRA-HRZ
Jamaica	6YA-6YZ
Japan	29 series*
Republic of Korea	6KA-6KZ, 6LA-6LZ, 6MA-6MZ, 6NA-6NZ, D7A-D7Z, D8A-D8Z, D9A-D9Z, DSA-DSZ, DTA-DTZ, HLA-HLZ
Mexico	19 series*
Netherlands	11 series*
Nicaragua	H6A-H6Z, H7A-H7Z, HTA-HTZ, YNA-YNZ
Panama	3EA-3EZ, 3FA-3FZ, H3A-H3Z, H8A-H8Z, H9A-H9Z, HOA-HOZ, HPA-HPZ
Saint Kitts and Nevis	V4A-V4Z
Saint Lucia	J6A-J6Z
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	J8A-J8Z
Spain	11 series*
Suriname	PZA-PZZ
Trinidad and Tobago	9YA-9YZ, 9ZA-9ZZ
United Kingdom	93 series*
United States of America	90 series*
Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela	4MA-4MZ, YVA-YVZ, YWA-YWZ, YXA-YXZ, YYA-YYZ

* For countries with more than 10 series assigned, please check www.itu.int/en/ITU-R/terrestrial/fmd/Pages/ call_sign_series.aspx for a full list.



CASABLANCA

or greater

LEGIBILITY

- painted using marine paint
- white on a black background or black on a white background
- always maintained in good condition
- ▼ block letters and numbers should be used
- markings not clearly visible due to lack of contrast
- markings not clearly visible due to small or unclear characters
- markings not clearly visible due to fading



PROPORTIONALITY

The vessel markings should be:

- proportional in their width to height
- proportional in height to the size of the vessel
- at least 0.3 m in height for all vessels of 5 m length and over for markings on the deck
- placed on the hull/superstructure in the following proportions:

Length overall (LOA):	Height of letters/numbers should be not less than:
25m and over	1.0 m
20 ≥ 25m	0.8 m
15 ≥ 20m	0.6 m
12 ≥ 15m	0.4 m
5 ≥ 12m	0.3 m
< 5m	0.1 m

Supported by the Caribbean Billfish Project











